Schools and Colleges of Podiatric Medicine

Arizona

Arizona School of Podiatric Medicine at Midwestern University (AZPod) Glendale, AZ (623) 572-3275; (888) 247-9277 www.midwestern.edu/azpod

California

California School of Podiatric Medicine at Samuel Merritt University (CSPM) Oakland, CA (510) 869-6789 www.samuelmerritt.edu/podiatric_medicine

Western University of Health Sciences - College of Podiatric Medicine (WUCPM) Pomona, CA (909) 469-5485 http://prospective.westernu.edu/podiatry/welcome

Florida

Barry University School of Podiatric Medicine (BUSPM) Miami Shores, FL (305) 899-3123; (800) 695-2279 www.barry.edu/podiatry

Illinois

Dr. William M. Scholl College of Podiatric Medicine at Rosalind Franklin University of Medicine and Science (SCPM) North Chicago, IL (847) 578-8400; (800) 843-3059 www.rosalindfranklin.edu/scholl

lowa

College of Podiatric Medicine & Surgery at Des Moines University (DMU - CPMS) Des Moines, IA (515) 271-7497 www.dmu.edu/cpms/pm

New York

New York College of Podiatric Medicine (NYCPM) New York, NY (212) 410-8098; (800) 526-6966 www.nycpm.edu

Ohio

Kent State University College of Podiatric Medicine (KSUCPM) Independence, OH (216) 231-3300 www.kent.edu/cpm

Pennsylvania Temple University School of Podiatric Medicine (TUSPM) Philadelphia, PA (215) 625-5451; (800) 220-FEET http://podiatry.temple.edu



American Association of Colleges of Podiatric Medicine

15850 Crabbs Branch Way, Suite 320 Rockville, MD 20855 301-948-0957 podinfo@aacpm.org www.AACPM.org

Like us on Facebook at facebook.com/AACPM Follow us on Twitter @PodMedColleges

AACPMAS Application Service P.O. Box 9200 Watertown, MA 02471

617-612-2900 www.portal.aacpmas.org

American Podiatric Medical Association

9312 Old Georgetown Road Bethesda, MD 20814-1621 301-581-9200 www.APMA.org

SEE YOURSELF

IN A WHITE COAT

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF COLLEGES OF PODIATRIC MEDICINE

A podiatrist is a Doctor of Podiatric Medicine, known also as a podiatric physician or surgeon, qualified by their education and training to diagnose and treat conditions affecting the foot and ankle. A doctor of podiatric medicine (DPM) is a specialist in the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of foot, ankle and related structures of the leg.

DPMs specialize in a variety of areas such as surgery, orthopedics, or public health. Podiatric physicians practice sports medicine, pediatrics, dermatology, radiology, geriatrics, or diabetic foot care. A DPM utilizes x-rays and laboratory tests for diagnostic purposes, prescribes medications, orders physical therapy, sets fractures, and performs surgery.

Now is a great time to explore careers in podiatric medicine

Most podiatric physicians enjoy the satisfaction of working one-on-one with their patients. In a 2014 practice survey conducted by the American Podiatric Medical Association, (APMA), podiatric physicians reported treating approximately 100 patients per week. This manageable patient load allows for a DPM to provide in-office treatments and focus on patient wellness.

Podiatric physicians also stated they enjoy a 30 to 60 hour work week, with the average DPM working just over 40 hours per week. The individual who is called to become a Doctor of Podiatric Medicine joins a community of deeply committed physicians who provide care to vulnerable populations in the U.S. -those who are seeking healthcare for themselves, or seeking healthcare for a loved-one.

Podiatric physicians are rigorous scholars, curious researchers, and public health advocates with deep commitments to community service and volunteering. Doctors of Podiatric Medicine perform acts of humanitarianism and outreach, globally, to pursue their passion: excellence in foot and ankle medical care and surgery.





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Want to learn more?

Shadowing a DPM has been proven to be one of the best ways for you to learn about the countless positive aspects of a career in podiatric medicine. To locate a DPM near where you live or go to school, visit www.DPMNetwork.org

While investigating careers in medicine, you may be suprised to learn the specialists of the lower extremity follow distinctive education path, not the traditional medicine path with which you might be most familiar.

Podiatric physicians receive medical education and training comparable to medical doctors, including three to four years of undergraduate education, four years of graduate education at a college of podiatric medicine and three years of hospital-based residency training.

Students are also exposed to cutting edge research, practice management methodologies and electronic medical records as part of their training.

With just nine schools and colleges of podiatric medicine in the U.S., it's easy to discover which school is the best fit for you. Schools and colleges which offer the doctor of podiatric medicine degree are accredited by the Council on Podiatric Medical Education. Most schools and colleges of podiatric medicine also are accredited by a regional educational accrediting organization. For more information about the schools and colleges of podiatric medicine, please contact:

American Association of Colleges of Podiatric Medicine

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While investigating careers in medicine, you may be surprised to learn that specialists of the lower extremity follow a distinctive education path, not the traditional medicine path with which you might be most familiar. Successful candidates who apply for entry into one of the nine schools and colleges of podiatric medicine display positive characteristics of mature adults. Evidence of preparation for a career in medicine, and specifically a career in podiatric medicine, should also be present in each application. Candidates with strong science preparation are preferred. Attributes of successful candidates also include good time management, problem solving proficiency and a strong sense of inter- and intrapersonal communication skills. Successful candidates also have a demonstrable record of community service or good works, a strong academic record in the sciences, and are well-rounded individuals.

Applicants must take the MCAT no later than spring of the year of admission. All standardized admissions exams taken more than (3) years prior to application are not acceptable.

Actual minimum semester credit hour requirements for all of the colleges of podiatric medicine include the following prerequisites:

Course	Semester Hours
Biology	8–12
Chemistry	8
Organic Chemistry	8
Physics	8
English	6–8

The American Association of Colleges of Podiatric Medicine Application Service (AACPMAS) allows students to apply to all nine of the colleges of podiatric medicine with one online application.

Apply now! www.portal.aacpmas.org

Many forms of financial aid are available to podiatric medical students, including scholarships and loans. Some financial aid is available directly from the colleges, and many state, local and national podiatric medical organizations offer scholarships or loans to students. Financial aid officers at colleges of podiatric medicine will have more information.

Podiatric medicine embraces a multitude of diverse students and practicing podiatric physicians. The colleges of podiatric medicine actively recruit students from all ethnic backgrounds, races and genders. The podiatric medical schools and colleges and AACPM welcome admission inquiries from individuals trained in other health disciplines. AACPMAS, its parent organization, AACPM, and the colleges adhere to all legal requirements, including the American with Disabilities Act.



301-948-0957